Social Vulnerability and Natural Disasters



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Outline of the Presentation

- **▶** Introduction
 - Project description
 - Conceptual model & definitions
- Vulnerability in Texas & Harris County
 - Household Composition & Disability
 - Minority Status & Language
- **►** Exposure to Natural Disasters & Vulnerability
 - Preparedness
 - Adaptive capacity
- **▶** Policy considerations
 - Relevance of findings
 - Long-term disaster impacts
 - Survey limitations
- Applications
 - Houston Dashboard

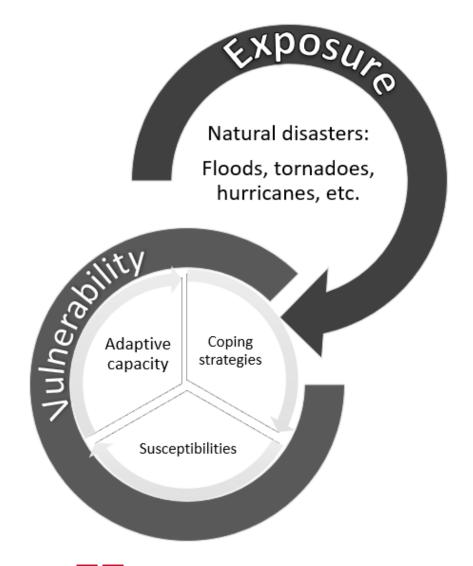


Vulnerability in Texas & Harris County

- ➤ After Hurricane Harvey hit Houston in August 2017, the University of Houston's Hobby School of Public Affairs initiated a five-year survey study to understand:
 - Long-term experiences of people impacted by Harvey and other natural disasters
 - Preparedness and coping strategies to natural disasters
 - ► How individuals, community organizations, government, and private sector leaders try to mitigate the consequences of natural disasters
- This presentation covers results form the fourth wave of the Hobby School Harvey Survey
 - ▶ The survey was fielded between December 22, 2021 and March 2, 2022
 - Our analysis focuses on respondents' experience and vulnerability to natural disasters
 - We develop an index of vulnerability for the Houston area, for which we draw on the CDC's Social Vulnerability Index (SVI)



Conceptual Model of Vulnerability



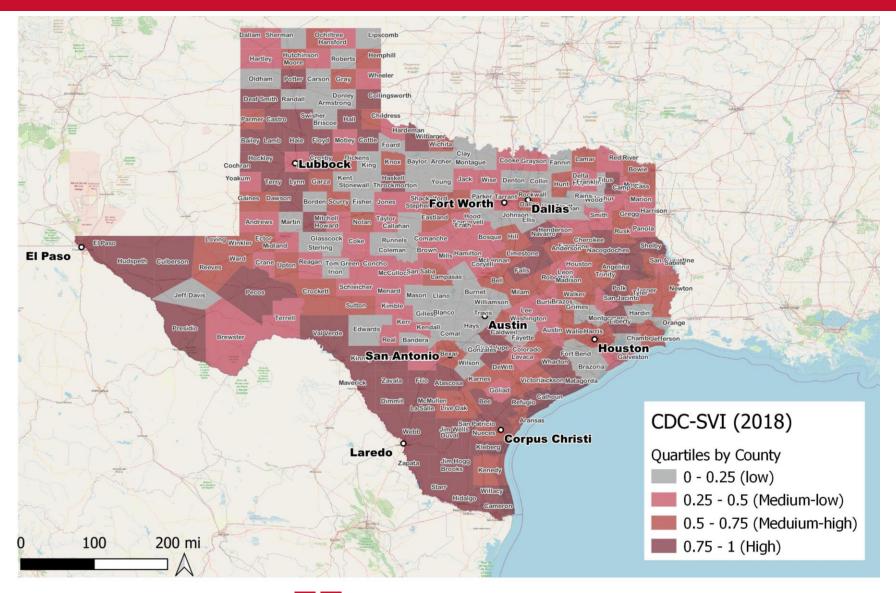


Vulnerability in Texas & Harris County

- Vulnerability to natural disasters determine community's resiliency to future hazards
 - Household vulnerability encompasses many concepts, such as exposure, susceptibilities, adaptive capacity, and preparedness
 - ▶ Different socio-economic conditions, affect a community's ability to prepare, withstand, recover, and prevent loss in the event of natural hazards or external shocks, including:
 - High poverty rates
 - ► Low percentage of vehicle access
 - ► Inability to communicate in English
 - Physical disabilities
- Household vulnerability varies across Texas; the most prevalent types of vulnerability, as defined by the CDC, are:
 - Minority Status & Language vulnerability
 - Household Composition & Disability vulnerability
- We analyze patterns of survey responses on the impact of natural disasters by the two binary measures of vulnerability constructed

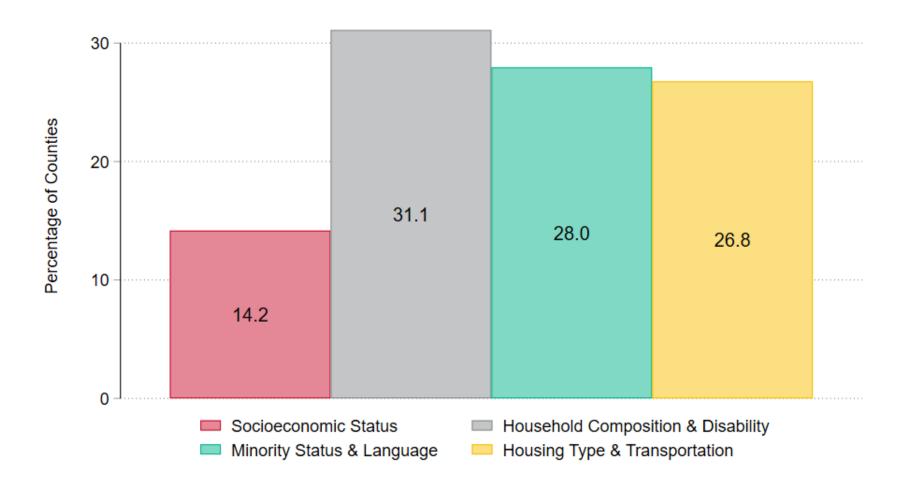


Social Vulnerability in Texas



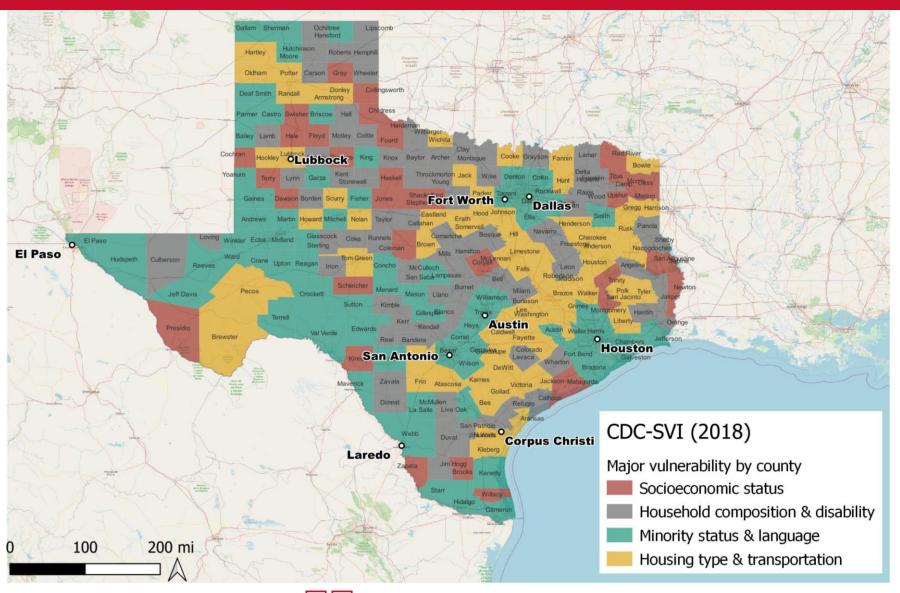


Texas Counties by Major Vulnerability Type





Type of Vulnerability in Texas





SVI Binary Measures

	CDC-SVI*	Binary measure+
Socioeconomic Status	Below Poverty Unemployed Income No High School diploma	Not included
Household Composition & Disability	Aged 65 or Older	HCDV=1 if yes; HCDV=0 if not
	Aged 17 or Younger	HCDV=1 if yes; HCDV=0 if not
	Civilian with a Disability	HCDV=1 if yes; HCDV=0 if not
	Single-Parent Household	HCDV=1 if yes; HCDV=0 if not
Minority Status &	Minority	MSLV=1 if non-white; MSLV=0 if white
Language	Speaks English "Less than Well"	MSLV=1 if yes; MSLV=0 if not
Housing Type & Transportation	Multi-Unit Structures Mobile Homes Crowding No Vehicle Group Quarters	Not included
Type of measure	Overall Vulnerability	Texas Top Vulnerabilities
Measurement	Census Tracts & Counties	Survey respondents in Texas



Exposure to Natural Disasters and Vulnerabilities

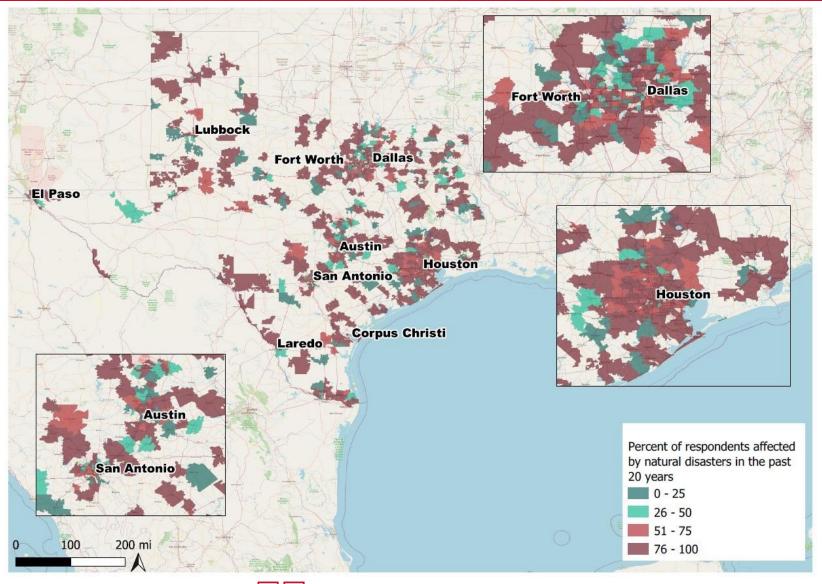


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Natural Disasters and Vulnerabilities

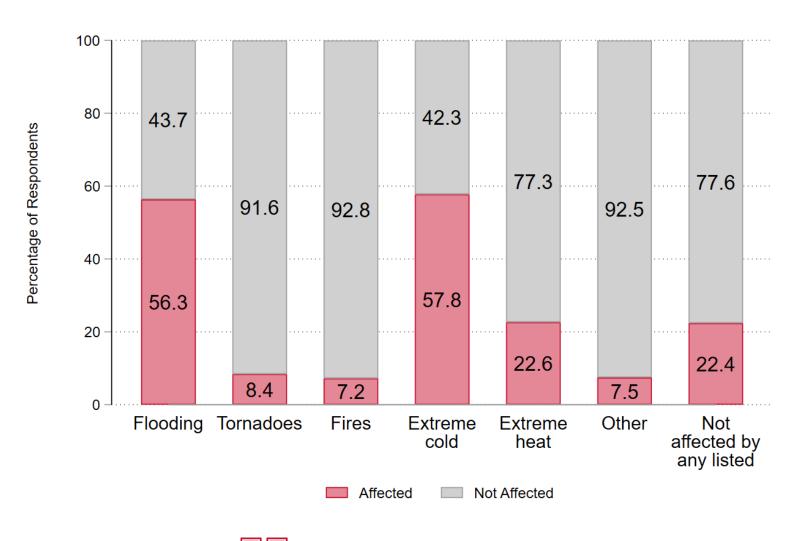
- Compared to the rest of Texas, Harris County has been substantially more affected by natural disasters in the past 20 years.
 - Most respondents were affected by:
 - ▶ Winter Storm Uri (2021), with highest percentage of affected respondents
 - Hurricane Harvey (2017), which ranked second
- While most respondents in Harris county were affected by extreme cold and flooding, the impact varied by sociodemographic characteristics and vulnerability status:
 - ➤ Vulnerable households in terms of minority status, language, household composition, and physical disability were affected the most
 - ► A higher percentage of respondents classified as vulnerable based on Minority Status & Language vulnerable were affected by flooding
 - ► Household Composition & Disability vulnerable households were more affected by tornadoes





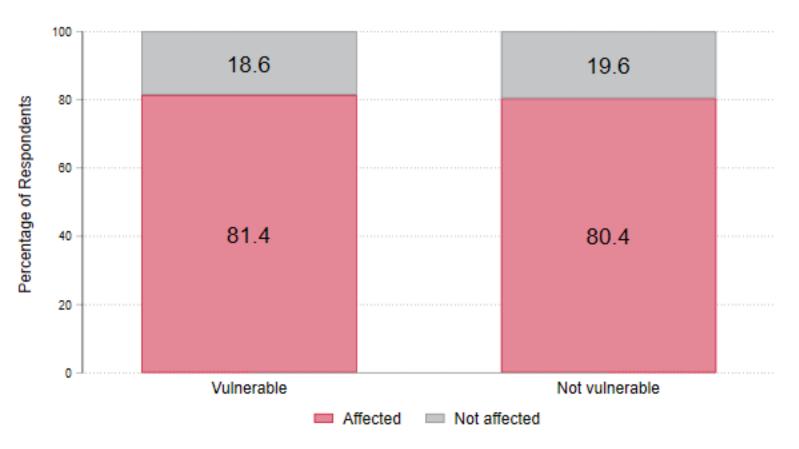


Affected by Natural Disasters in Past 20 Years, Harris County





Affected by any Natural Disaster by Household Composition & Disability Vulnerability, Harris County

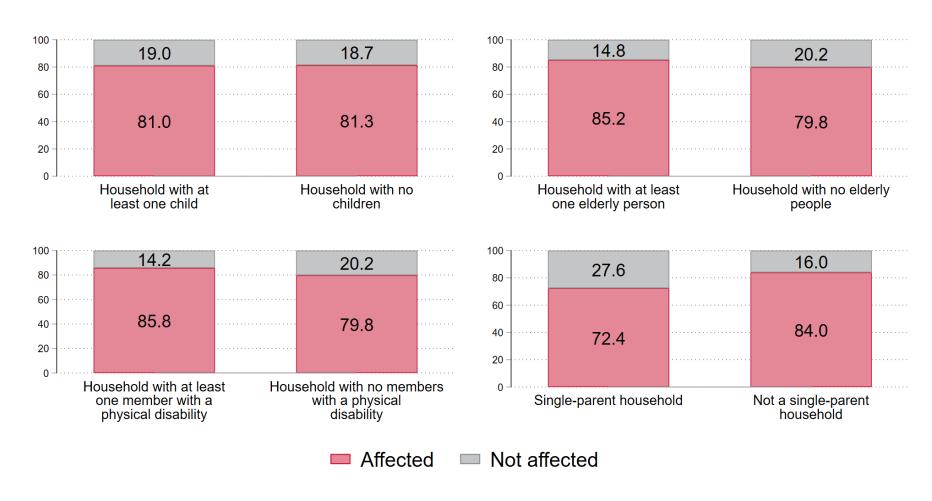




Percentage of Respondents

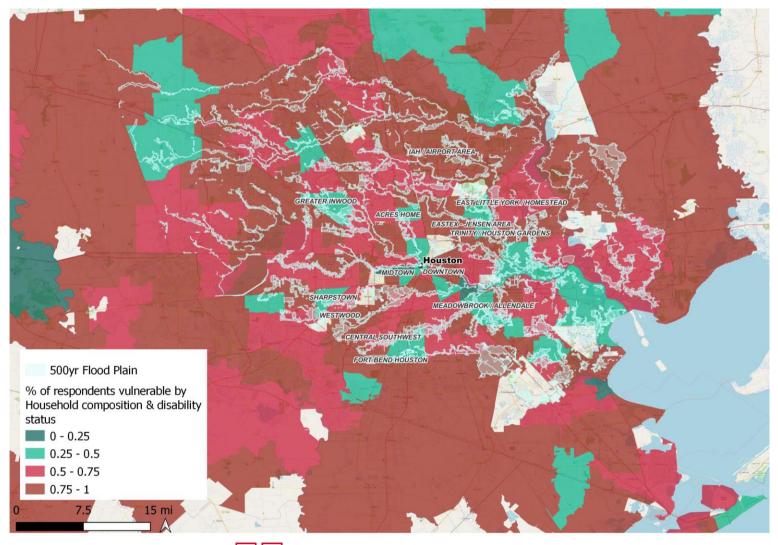
Impact of Natural Disasters

Affected by Any Natural Disaster by Household Composition & Disability Vulnerability Categories, Harris County



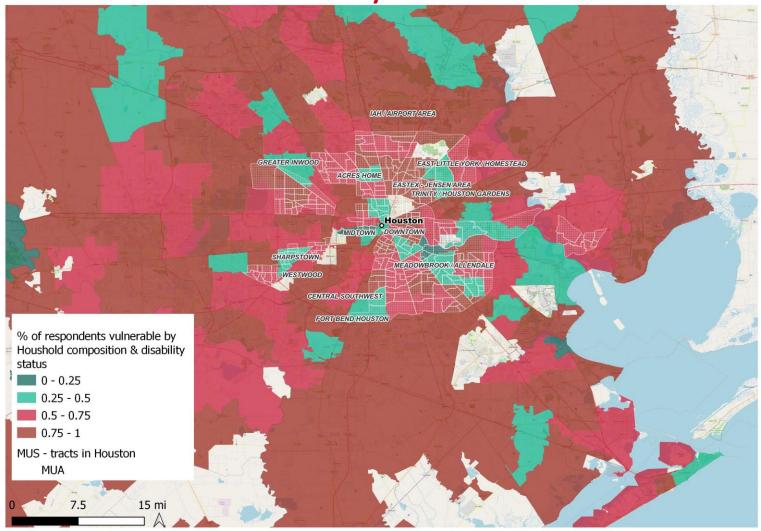


Household Composition & Disability Vulnerability



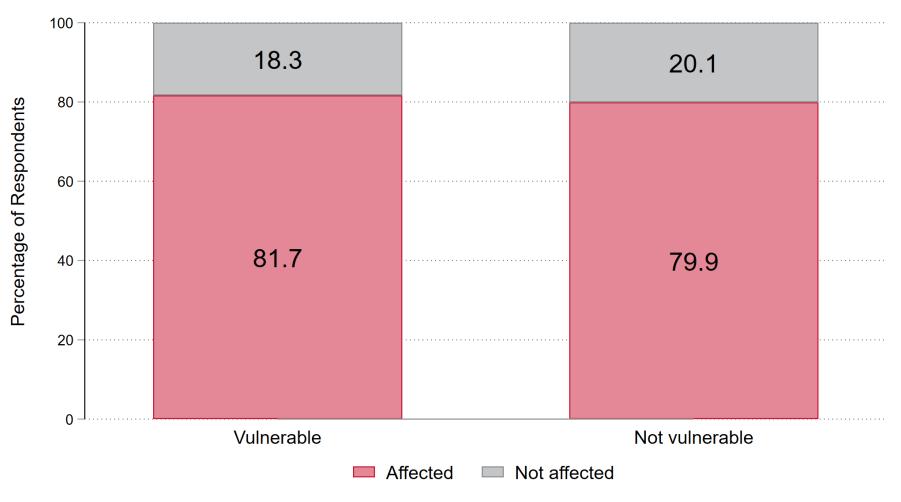


HCDV and Medically Underserved Areas



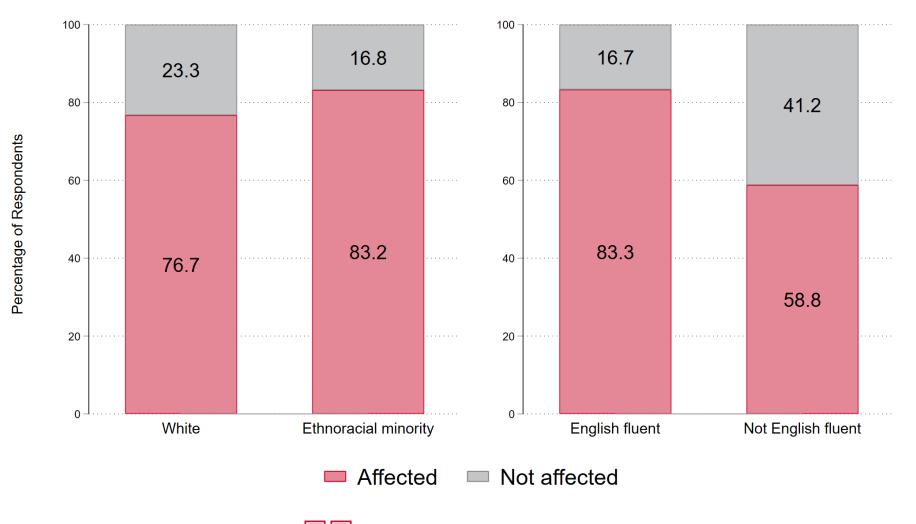


Affected by Any Natural Disaster by Minority Status & Language Vulnerability, Harris County



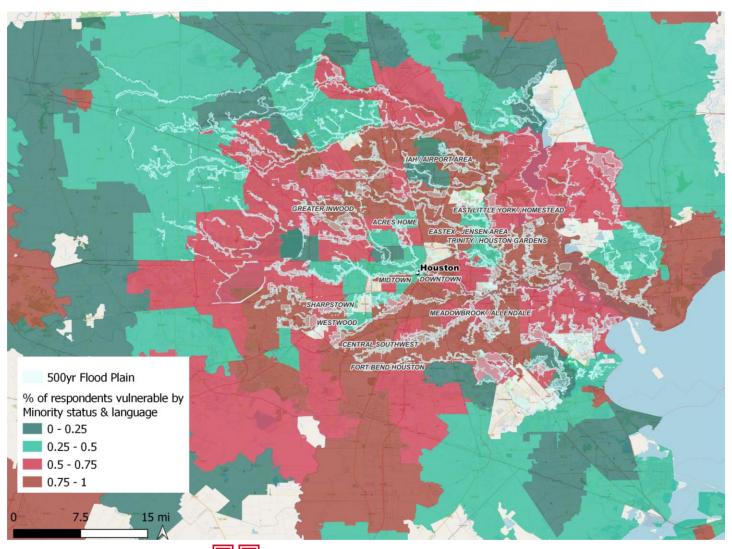


Affected by Minority Status & Language Vulnerability, Harris County



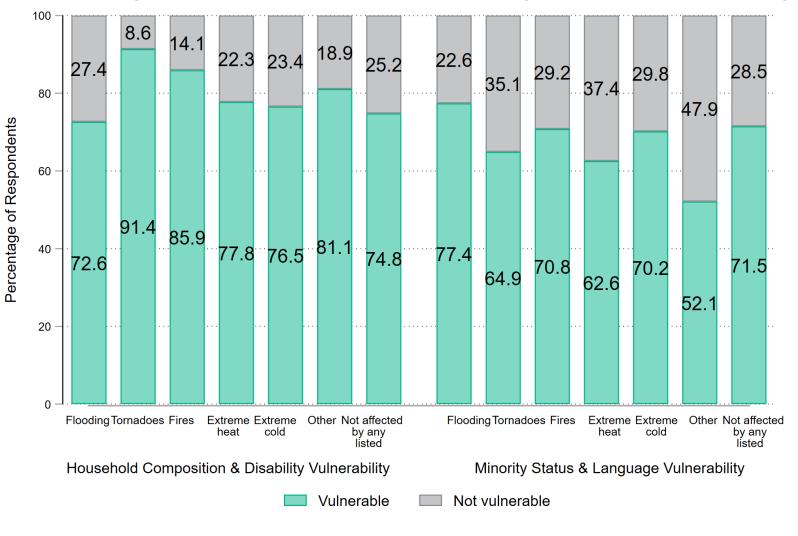


Minority Status & Language Vulnerability

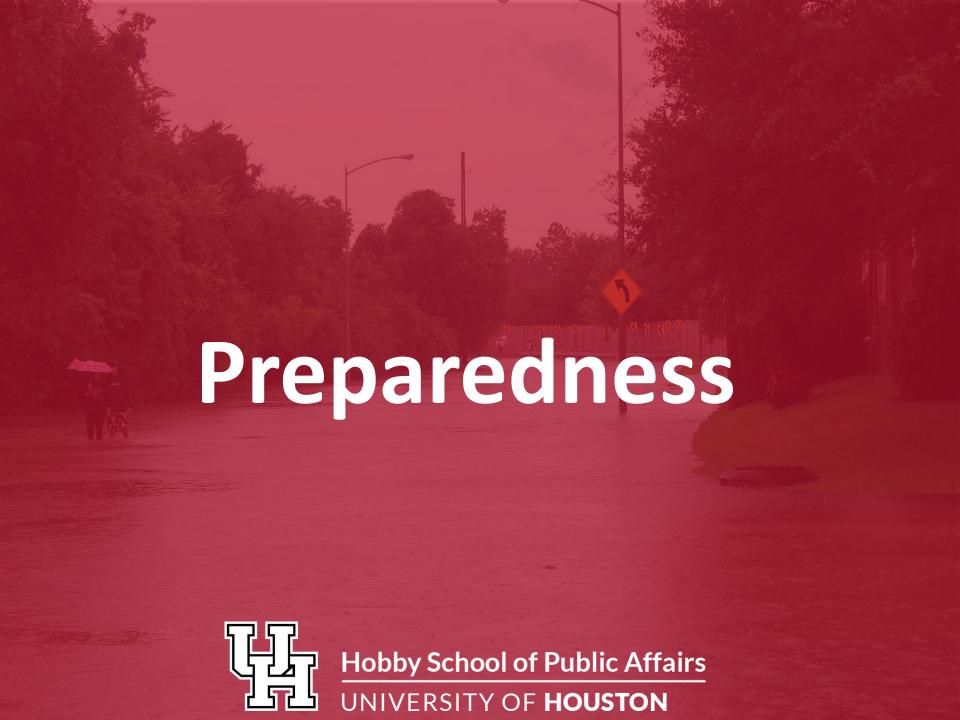




Affected by Natural Disasters and Vulnerability Status in Harris County



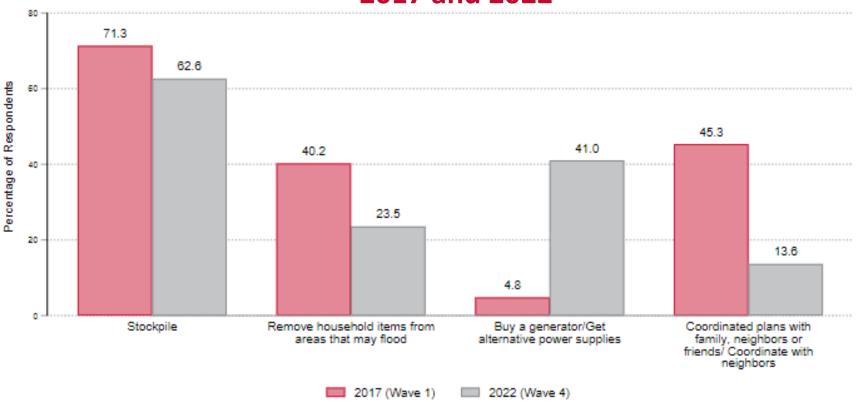




- ► Almost 70% of respondents reported having prepared for the 2021 hurricane season in Harris County
 - ► The highest percentages prepared by stockpiling, getting alternative power supply, and by subscribing to local emergency notifications
 - ► There has been a change in the way people prepare for disasters: more prepared by getting alternative power supplies
- ▶ In general, those that were affected by Hurricane Harvey prepared more than those not affected
- ➤ Vulnerable households prepared slightly more than those that were not vulnerable, especially those with Minority Status & Language Vulnerabilities
- More white and Black or African American respondents reported NOT preparing compared to Asian or Pacific Islanders and Hispanics/Latinos

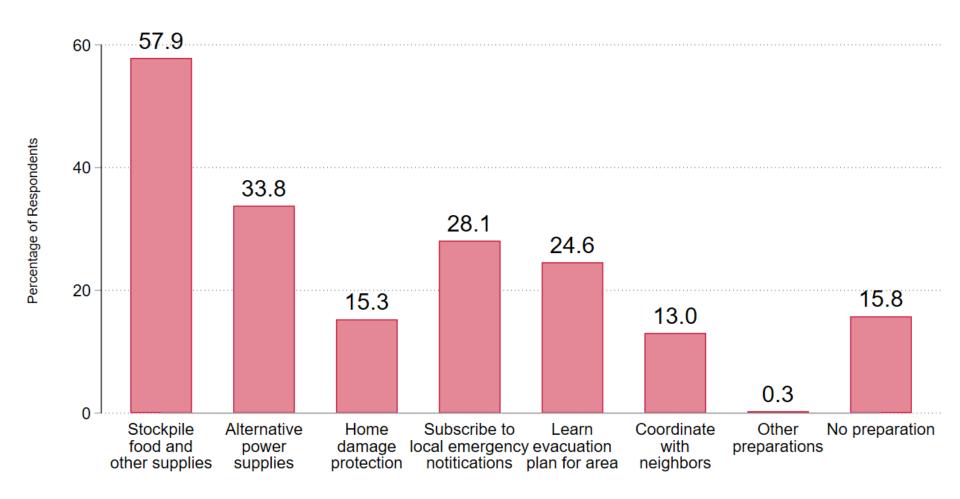


Hurricane Preparedness in the Greater Houston Area, 2017 and 2022



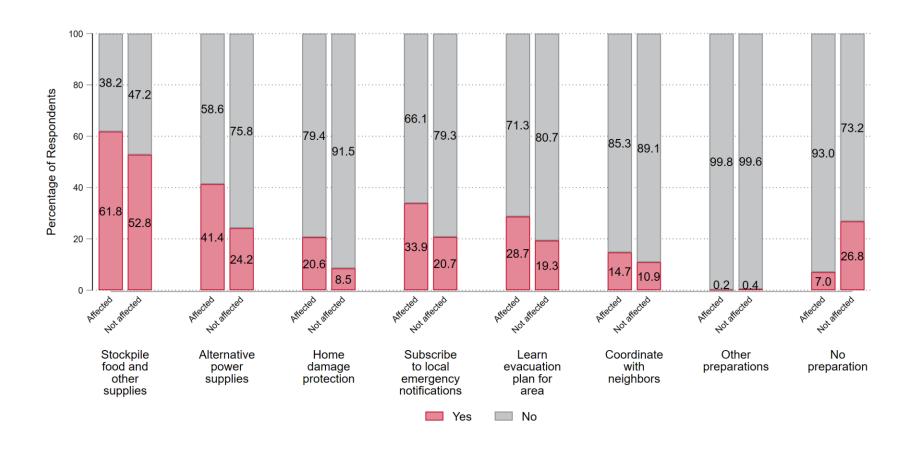


Preparing for the 2021 Hurricane Season in Harris County



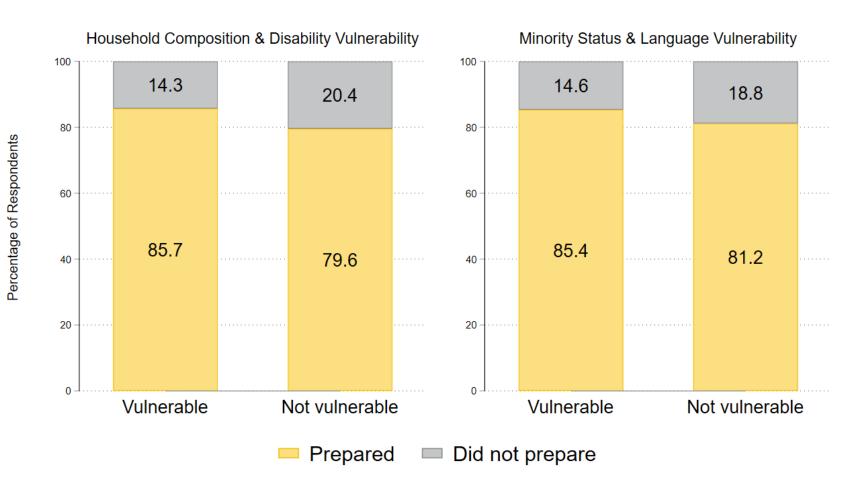


Preparing for the 2021 Hurricane Season by Affected by Hurricane Harvey, Harris County



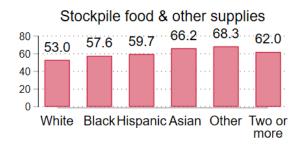


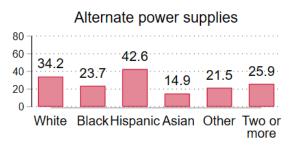
Preparedness by Vulnerability Type in Harris County

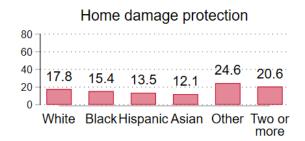




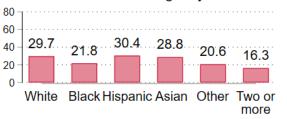
2021 Hurricane Preparations by Race/Ethnicity in Harris County

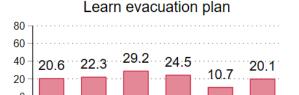








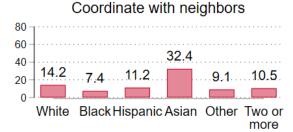




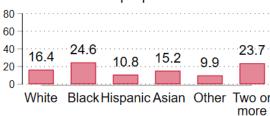
Black Hispanic Asian Other

Two or

more



No preparation



Note: Values exclude 'Other preparations' due to low response rate.





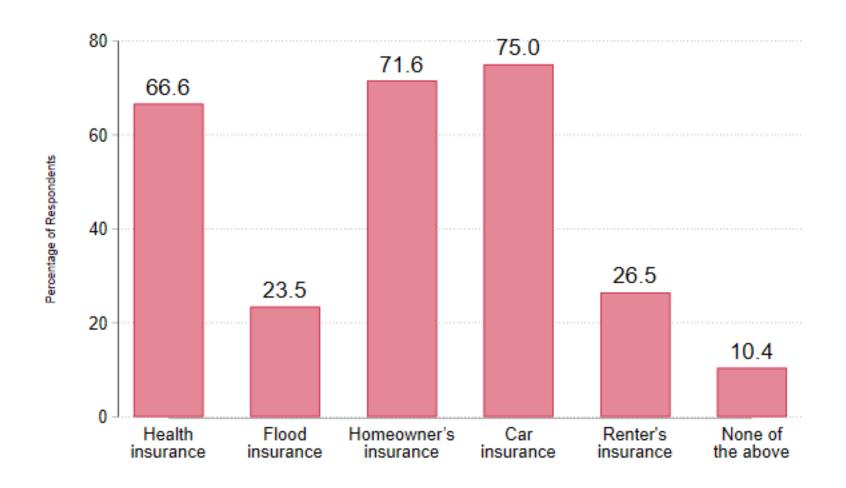
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Adaptive Capacity

- Those affected by natural disasters were more likely to have insurance
- Vulnerable populations are most likely to have insurance compared to the non-vulnerable populations
- Insurance rates are positively related to higher income respondents, specifically for homeowners and flood insurance

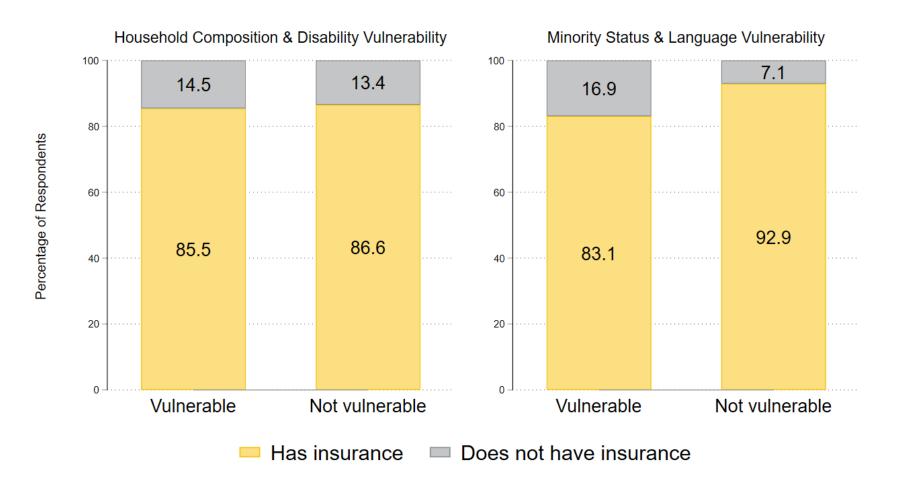


Types of Insurance in Harris County





Insured and Uninsured by Vulnerability Type



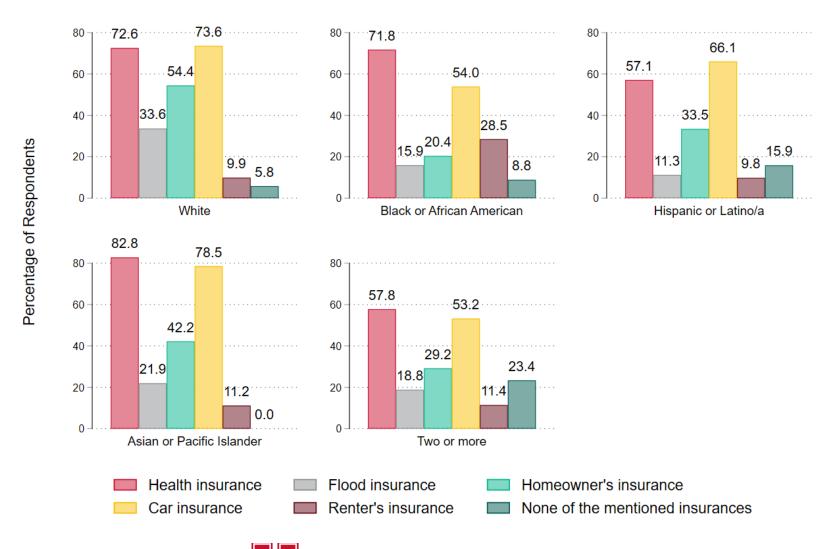


Income by Insurance Type in Harris County

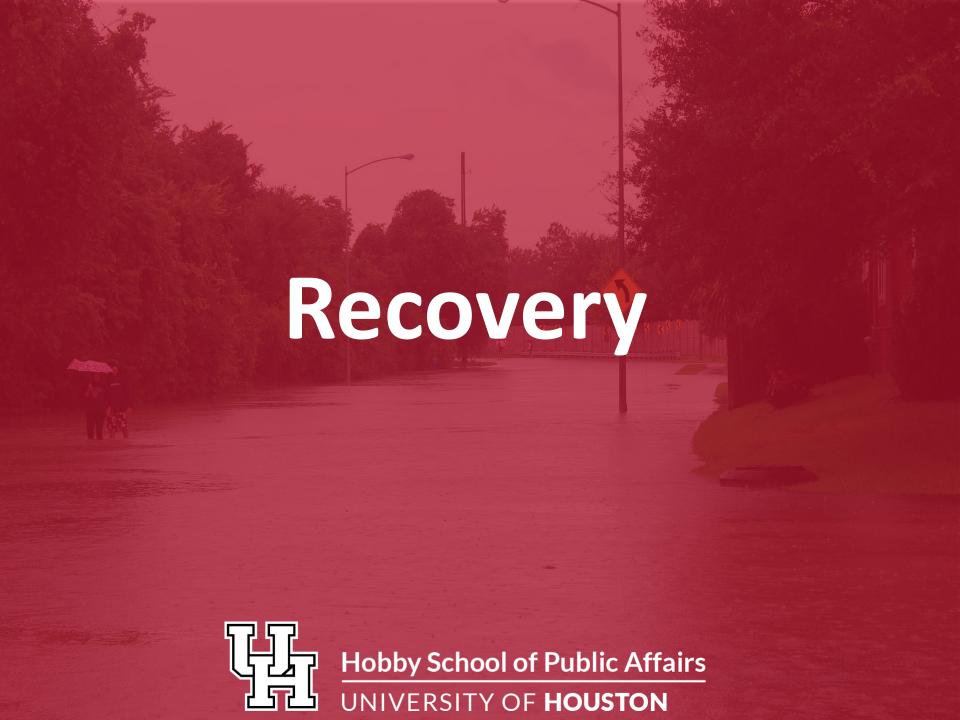




Insurance Type by Race/Ethnicity for Harris County





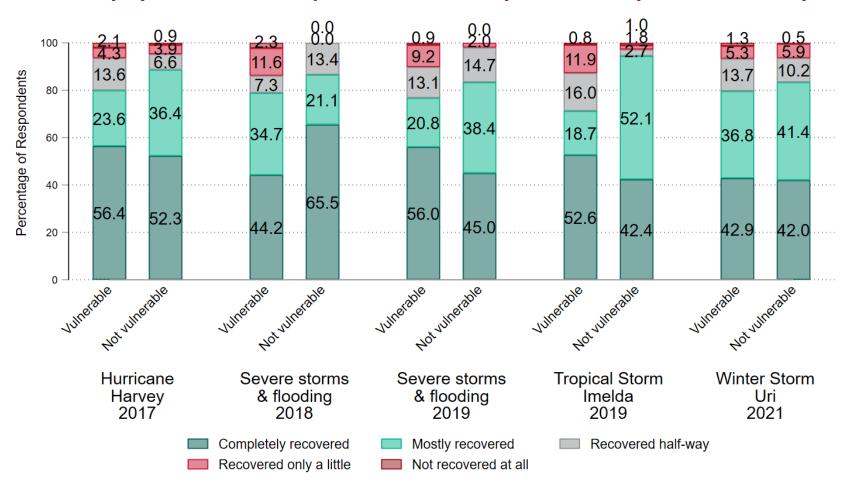


Recovery

- Respondents in Harris County are resilient
 - ► Higher recovery rates compared to other areas of Texas
- Non-vulnerable respondents have higher recovery rates than vulnerable respondents
- ► Tropical Storm Imelda and severe storms and floodings of 2019 show the highest non-recovery rates for vulnerable respondents
- No apparent correlation between FEMA and GLO applications and recovery
- Strong correlation between insurance attainment and recovery
 - Overall, those insured have higher recovery rates

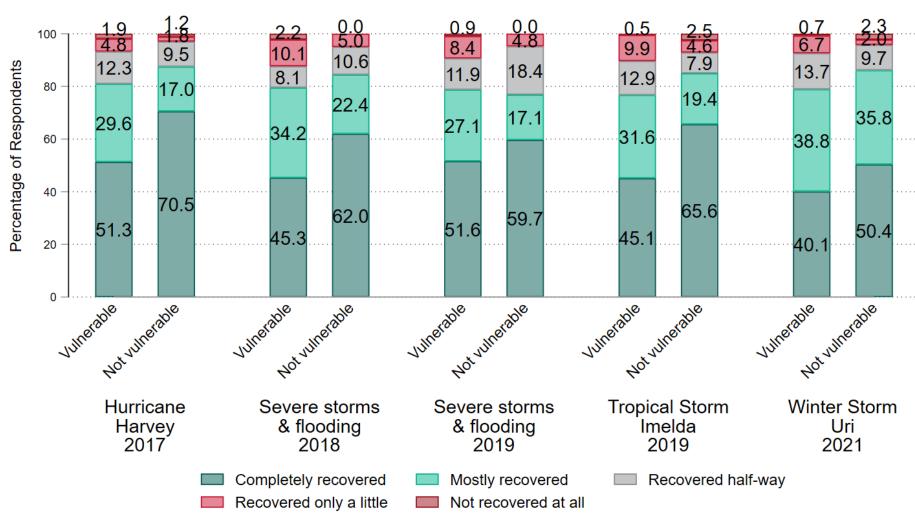


Recovery by Household Composition & Disability Vulnerability in Harris County



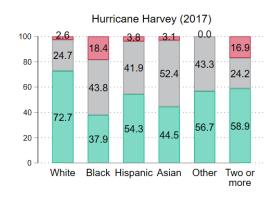


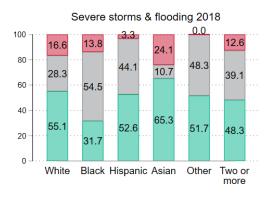
Recovery by Minority Status & Language Vulnerability in Harris County

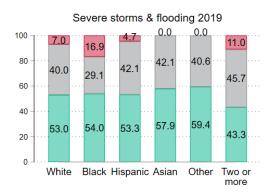


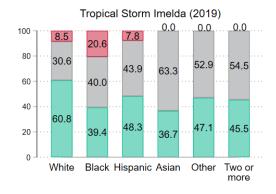


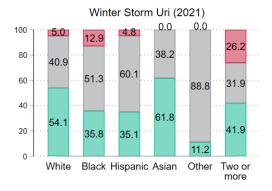
Recovery by Race and Ethnicity in Harris County

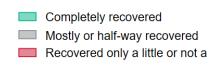










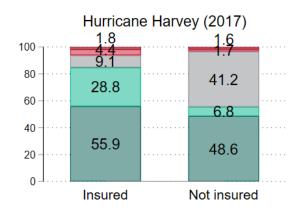


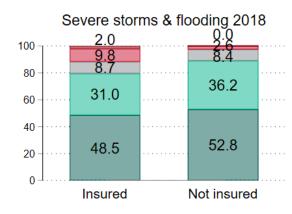


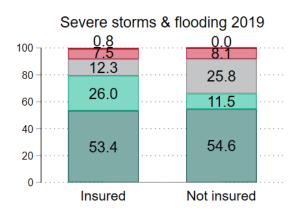
Percentage of Respondents

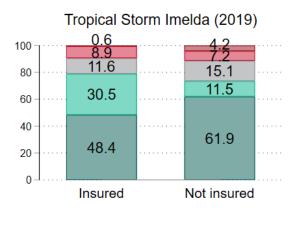
Insurance and Recovery in Harris County

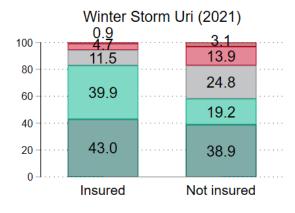
Insurance and Recovery in Harris County

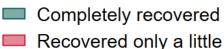












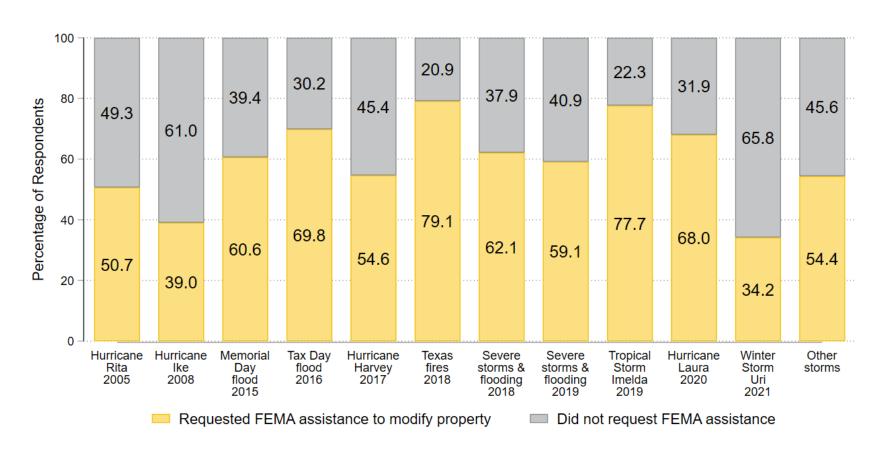
Mostly recovered

Recovered about half-way



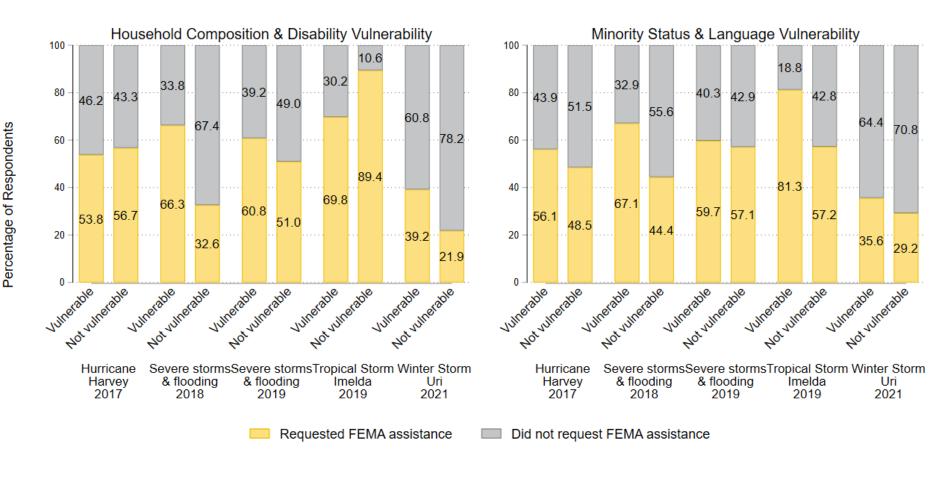
Not recovered at all

FEMA Assistance Requests by Storm for Harris County



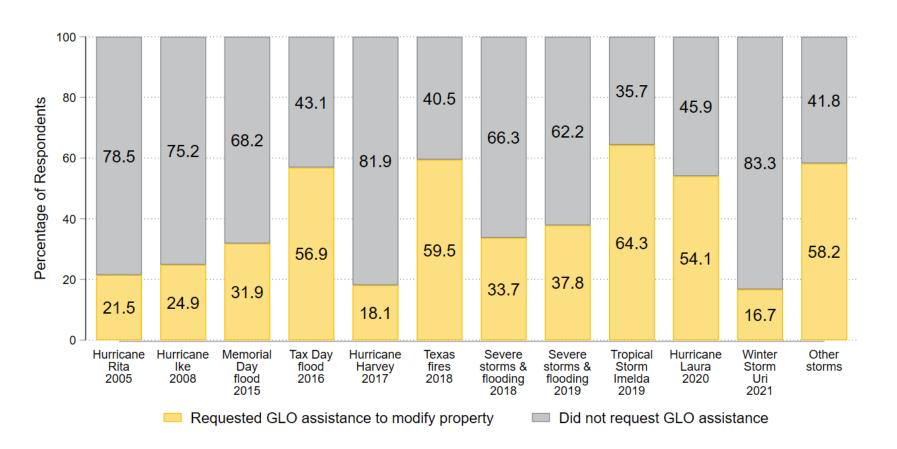


FEMA Assistance Requests by Storm and Vulnerability Type



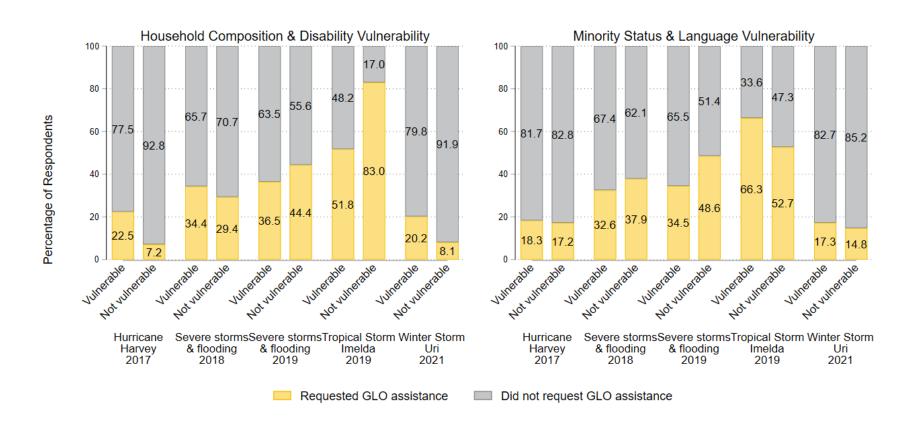


GLO Assistance Requests by Storm for Harris County





GLO Assistance Requests by Storm and Vulnerability Type in Harris County





Hurricane Harvey Recovery



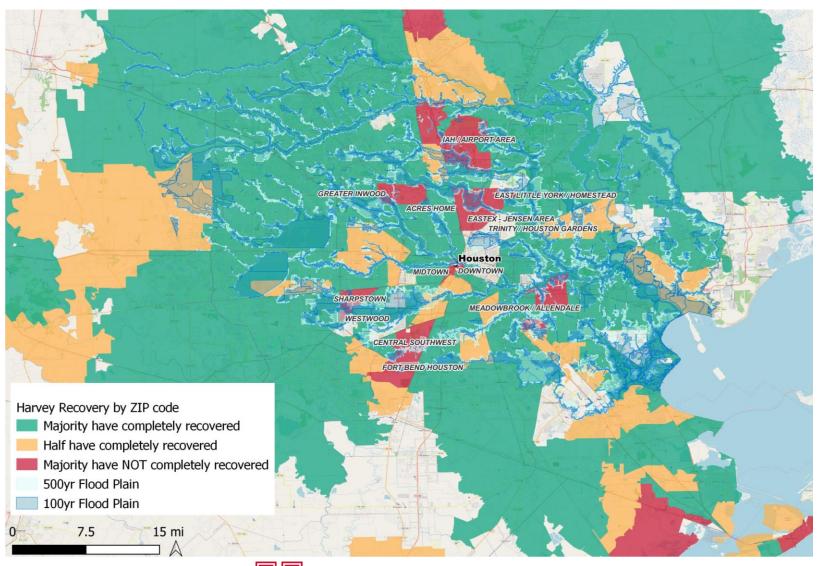
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Hurricane Harvey Recovery

- ➤ Some areas in Harris County have not completely recovered from Hurricane Harvey
 - ➤ Areas in the Northeast and Southwest that are also highly vulnerable, specifically to Household Composition & Disability Vulnerabilities
- Respondents from Harris County recovered at higher rates than those in the rest of Texas from damages caused by Hurricane Harvey
 - ► This was true regardless their vulnerability status



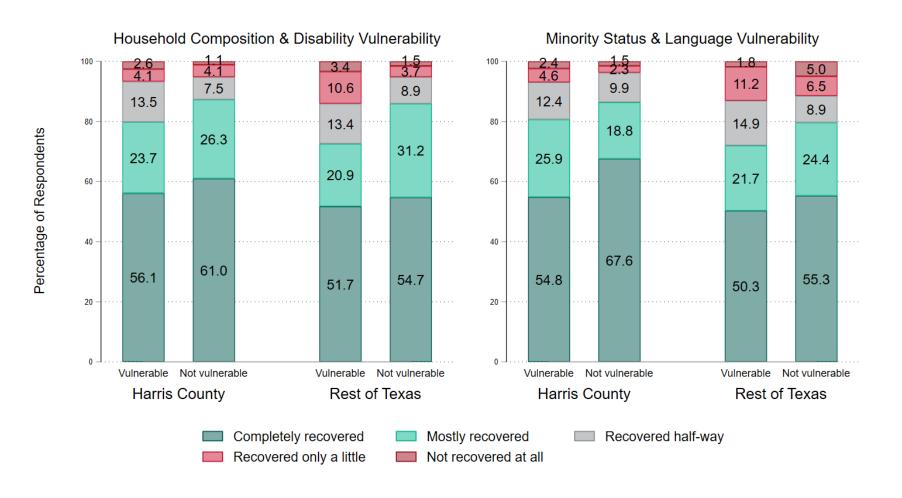
Recovery after Hurricane Harvey by ZIP





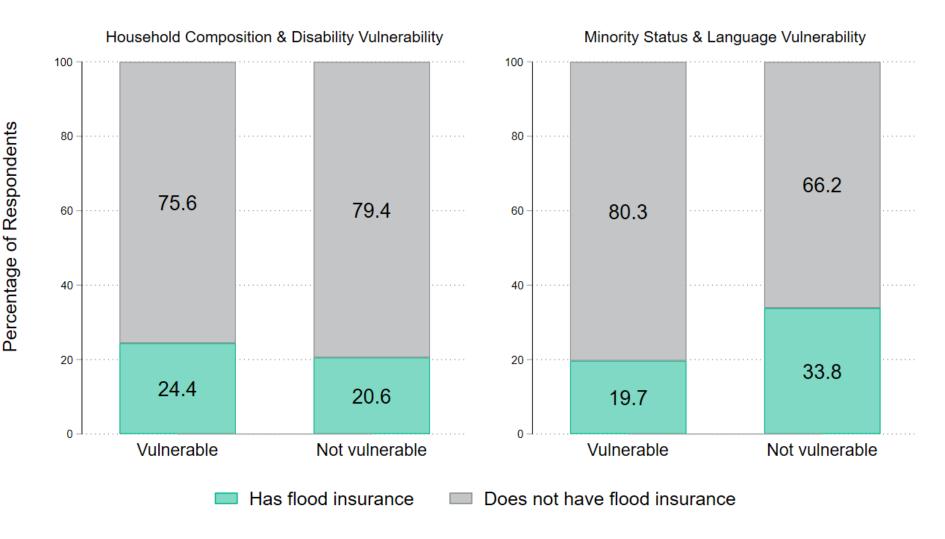
Recovery Status from Hurricane Harvey

Harris County and Rest of Texas





Flood Insurance in Harris County by Type of Vulnerability





Policy Considerations



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Policy Considerations

- ► The impact of Hurricane Harvey in the Greater Houston area is still prevalent nearly five years later
- Even when vulnerable populations prepare for natural disasters, they take longer to fully recover than nonvulnerable populations
- In Harris County, the ethnoracial categorization has different characteristics than the global minority categorization
- Insurance attainment mattered for full recovery after a natural disaster, more than government assistance such as FEMA and GLO



Policy Considerations

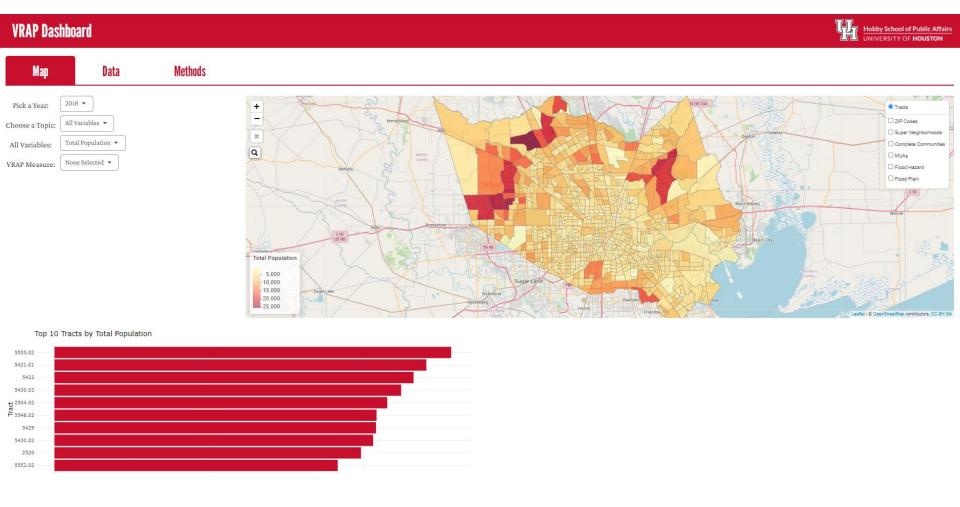
- ▶ Policies that aim to mitigate the effects of natural disasters are not one-size-fits-all
- ➤ While the CDC-SVI is widely used for policy making decisions at the local level (e.g., COVID vaccines distribution or food banks location), it is a broad measure that does not include specific characteristics of each community
- Survey research is limited:
 - Hard to reach populations are usually not captured
 - There is a need for a better understanding of underserved areas





Hobby School VRAP Dashboard

Vulnerability Resiliency Adaptability Preparedness





Hobby School VRAP Measures

	Topic	Index	Variables	Source
Overall VRAP measures	Vulnerability	SVI	 Socioeconomic Status Household composition & Disability Minority Status & Language Housing Type & Transportation SVI 	CDC
		H-vulnerability	SVI + homeowners, internet, insurance, floods	Hobby
	Resiliency	CRE	 0- Risk factors 1-2- Risk Factors 3 Risk Factors 	Census Bureau
	Adaptability	NA	 FEMA: renters & owners- damage, applications. Flood insurance 	
	Preparedness	NA	Internet access	
Other	Demographics	-	Race, children, elder, etc.	ACS
	Education	-	Education levels	ACS
	Health	-	MUAs/MUPs, Insured	HRSA;ACS
	Mobility	-	Use of public transportation, commute, etc.	ACS
	Housing	-	Eviction, housing units, renters, owners, internet, affordable housing, etc.	ACS
	Economic	-	Income, poverty, etc.	ACS



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