ORGANIZING TOPICS FOR AN OUTLINE

Suppose that in the process of collecting information for a biology term paper on termites, you have collected a stack of note cards. Below is a list of the "slugs" or brief descriptive labels you have placed on those note cards. For each "slug" you might have either one or several notes.

Study the list below and arrange the items in a logical plan. First, group like topics together. Then arrange the groups of topics in a sequence that would be a reasonable way of presenting the information to your readers. Finally, arrange the topics within each group in a logical sequence.

- 1. Life span of the queen
- 2. Size, color and ancestry of termites
- 3. Basic differences between termite and human societies
- 4. Ejecting a sticky fluid on an enemy by termite soldiers
- 5. Fighting by the soldiers with spurs
- 6. Description of the soldier termite
- 7. The termite as a destructive pest
- 8. The founding of new colonies
- 9. The habitat of the termite
- 10. Summoning help by soldiers during a fight
- 11. The composition of termite society
- 12. The termite as a helpful scavenger
- 13. Economic relationship of the termite to humans
- 14. The size of the queen
- 15. The building of nests by the workers
- 16. The fertility of the queen
- 17. Reproductives: the king and queen
- 18. Basic similarities between termite and human societies
- 19. Grooming other termites by the workers
- 20. Feeding other termites by the workers
- 21. Crushing the enemy with pincers (soldiers)
- 22. Protective mechanisms used by soldiers
- 23. General description of termites
- 24. Description of workers
- 25. Gathering food by the workers
- 26. Duties of workers
- 27. Blocking holes against enemies (soldiers)
- 28. Caring for fungus gardens (workers)
- 29. Soldiers
- 30. Workers
- 31. Termite society and human society

Remember: the major categories in an outline are usually the more general; the details and contributing points that develop them are usually more specific.

Adapted from Doris Wilcox Gilbert. *Study in Depth.* Englewood Cliffs, NJ. Prentice-Hall. Inc., 1966, p. 112. Permission by: RASSL/UT-Austin

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